Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
THEME	Being Brave	Lost and Found	Adventures	Similarities and Differences	Imagination and Creativity	Nature All Around Us
English	COLDILOCKS and the Three Bears  LAUREN CHILD  ME AND YOU  ANTHONY BROWNE	Jim and the Beanstalk Raymond Briggs	GREAT FIRE CONDON	ROALD DAHL THE MIRINS  MIGHING BY PATRICL BERESH	Mochine Make and	WE ARE PROTECTOS
Whole School Writes	Snowman  Ballet for this way by Raymond Briggs		HERE WE  ARE  NOTES FOR LEVERS OUTVER SETTERS		a mosterwork  See 17th 18th  Aaron Becker	

Guided Reading	There's a Rang-Tan In my Bedroom James Selick LOST SPECIES  Hotel Flamingo Alex Mikeay  Hotel Flamingo	Lost Species Jess French The Mapic and Mystery of Trees Jen Creen  After the Fall Dan Santat	RAMIT Access and finor by Julian Cough & Jan Fuile  Too Small Tota Attinuate	A Book of Bridge's  A Book	Cores in Space photo: Search Space photo: Search Space photo: Search Space Spa	PAUL Roald Dahl
Writing	<ul> <li>Break words into phonemes for spelling</li> <li>Know some spellings which use variations of standard phonemes</li> <li>Use the possessive apostrophe</li> <li>Spell some words with contracted forms</li> <li>Use suffixes to spell longer words, including -ment, -ness, -less, -ful, -ly</li> <li>Form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another</li> <li>Write capital letters of appropriate size</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Write for different purposes</li> <li>Read aloud using appropriate intonation</li> <li>Use noun phrases</li> <li>Use four main types of sentence appropriately</li> <li>Use present and past tense correctly</li> <li>Use some coordinating and subordinating conjunctions</li> <li>Use appropriate demarcation punctuation</li> <li>Use commas for lists</li> </ul>		
Reading	<ul> <li>Read fluently using decoding skill</li> <li>Read accurately by blending, including alternative sounds for graphemes</li> <li>Read multisyllable words containing known graphemes</li> <li>Read common suffixes</li> <li>Read exception words</li> <li>Read most words quickly and accurately without overt sounding and blending</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Discuss and express views on a wide range of poetry, stories and non-fiction</li> <li>Recognise simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry</li> <li>Perform poetry learnt by heart with appropriate intonation</li> <li>Discuss and clarify the meanings of words</li> <li>Discuss the sequence of events in books</li> <li>Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done</li> <li>Ask and answer questions about a text</li> <li>Predict what might happen based on reading so far</li> <li>Explain and discuss understanding of a range of reading</li> </ul>		
Maths	Place value Addition and Subtraction	Addition and Subtraction Shape	Money Multiplication and division	Multiplication and division Length and height Mass, capacity and measure	Fractions Time	Statistics Position and direction Consolidation
Science Science Bug https://www.activel earnprimary.co.uk/	Uses of Materials Describe the physical properties of a variety of everyday materials. Compare and group together materials based on their physical properties. Identify and compare the	Changing shapes  Explore how the shapes of solid objects can be changed. (squashing, bending, twisting, stretching)  Margaret E Knight	Explain the basic needs of animals, including humans for survival (water, food, air). Know why exercise, a balanced diet and hygiene are important for	Growing plants  Describe what plants need to survive. Observe and explain how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants. Find out & describe how plants need water, light	Living Things  Explain the differences between living and non-living things.  Describe some of the life processes common to plants and animals, including humans.	Habitats  Match living things to their habitat.  Know how a habitat provides for the basic needs of things living there (plants and animals).

	Chronological Understanding  Sequence events of the Great Fire of London in the correct order.  Use terms such as before, after, past, present, then, and now		Nurturing Nurses Chronological Understanding  Place Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole, and Edith Cavell on a timeline.  Recognise that these individuals lived at different times in the past.  Use phrases such as before, after, past, present then, and now		Chronological  Place toys from differe chronological order.  Use vocabulary such a now, old, and new.	·
	0 15			a Nurses	Toys (The	n and Now)
https://www.twinkl.c h/resource/science-kn owledge-organiser-sc ientists-and-inventors -year-2-t-sc-2549723			Louis Pasteur discovered that germs are living things that can be spread by touch or through the air.  Science Careers– doctors / dentists	Project career as a horticulturist- Lucy Wenger https://www.edenproject.com/eden-story/behind-the-scenes/a-day-in-the-life-of-an-eden-gardener	Jane Goodall	ocean habitats. She discovered that pollution from farms was affecting the oceans and the animals in them.
Key Scientist Focus	suitability of everyday materials for particular uses.  People who developed useful new materials (John Dunlop, Charles Macintosh, John McAdam)	1838-1914 most well-known for a machine she built when she was 30 which folded and glued paper to create a flat-bottomed paper bag	humans. Name sources of food for animals. Know about and explain a simple food chain.  Elizabeth Garrett Anderson was the first woman to qualify as a doctor. She qualified in 1865.	and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.  Tim Smit had the idea to build the Eden Project  Nicholas Grimshaw Designed the biomes for the Eden Project.	Classify things by living, dead or non-living. Explain that animals grow and reproduce. Explain why animals have offspring which grow into adults. Describe the life cycle of some living things(e.g. egg, chick, chicken).	Describe a range of different habitats. Describe how plants and animals are suited to their habitat. Describe what animals need to survive.  Rachel Carson; a scientist who studied

### **History**

present, then, and now.

Recognise that the Great Fire happened a long time ago and beyond living memory.

### **Knowledge and Interpretation**

Understand that life in London in 1666 was very different from life today.

present, then, and now.

#### **Knowledge and Interpretation**

Understand what makes a person significant. Explain how Florence Nightingale improved nursing.

Explain who Mary Seacole was and how she improved nursing.

Explain who Edith Cavell was and how she helped soldiers.

now, old, and new.

Recognise that toys have changed within living memory and over longer periods of time.

### **Knowledge and Interpretation**

Find out about toys today and explain how we can learn about the past.

Describe key features of the Great Fire and Compare the lives and contributions of Describe toys from the past and compare why it was significant. different nurses. them with toys today. Recognise why it is important to remember Explain how London changed as a result of people from the past. Identify similarities and differences between the fire. toys from the early 20th century, the Victorian **Historical Enquiry** period, and modern times. Know that we learn about the past through Ask and answer questions about significant stories, diaries, paintings, and other sources. individuals using different sources. Recognise how toys have changed over time Identify similarities and differences in the and explain why. **Historical Enquiry** lives and achievements of Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole, and Edith Cavell. Ask and answer questions about the Great Use evidence (pictures, artefacts, stories) to Fire using different sources. **Historical Enquiry** explain why these people are remembered. Make reasoned suggestions about why their Identify similarities and differences between Ask and answer questions about toys using actions were important nationally and past and present London. internationally. different sources such as artefacts, books. and family memories. Use evidence (artefacts, pictures, stories) to Use evidence (e.g. real toys, replicas, explain what happened. photos, stories) to find out about the past. Suggest why people at the time acted as Compare toys from different times and they did during and after the fire. suggest reasons for changes. Use words and phrases related to the passing of time when talking about toys. Weather **Our Country Sensational Safari Locational Knowledge Locational Knowledge Locational Knowledge** Name and locate the four countries of the UK Name and locate the world's seven Identify the location of hot and cold areas of Geography and their capital cities. continents and five oceans. the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles. Identify the surrounding seas of the UK. Locate Kenya on a world map, atlas, or Locate countries/regions with different Locate the UK on a world map and globe. globe.

climates using maps, globes, and atlases. Identify the UK on a map and relate its

#### Place Knowledge

Understand the differences between a town and the countryside.

Identify key features of the four countries of the UK.

Compare geographical similarities and differences between London and Brasilia.

#### **Human and Physical Geography**

Use key vocabulary to describe human and physical features of towns and the countryside.

Recognise features of capital cities, including London.

Observe what aerial views show and use them to describe places.

#### **Geographical Skills and Fieldwork**

Use maps, atlases, and globes to locate the UK and its countries.

Follow and create simple journey lines. Use photographs to identify and describe features of places.

Take part in role play activities (e.g. tour guide) to explain features of the UK.

Understand Kenya's position in relation to the UK and other continents.

#### **Place Knowledge**

Understand what life is like for people living in Kenya.

Recognise key physical and human features, such as national parks, wildlife, and Maasai culture.

Compare similarities and differences between life in Kenya and life in the UK.

#### **Human and Physical Geography**

Identify key physical features such as landscapes, animals, and national parks.

Identify key human features including settlements, Maasai culture, and local lifestyles.

Use geographical vocabulary to describe human and physical features.

### **Geographical Skills and Fieldwork**

Draw simple maps to represent features of Kenya.

location to weather patterns.

### **Place Knowledge**

Understand what the weather is like in the UK and where we live.

Describe features of hot and cold countries and the Arctic region.

Recognise seasonal differences and how climate affects daily life.

### **Human and Physical Geography**

Identify and describe daily weather patterns in the UK.

Understand how weather can affect humans, including clothing, activities, and safety.

Recognise dangerous/adverse weather and understand safety measures (e.g., Slip, Slop, Slap, Seek, Slide campaign).

Understand human and physical features of cold regions like the Arctic.

#### **Geographical Skills and Fieldwork**

Observe and record daily and weekly weather using charts.

Use key vocabulary to describe the weather (sunny, rainy, windy, hot, cold, etc.). Watch weather forecasts and interpret their

		Use simple compass directions (North, South, East, West) to describe locations on maps.  Observe and ask questions about photographs and images to find out about Kenya.  Compare daily life and experiences in Kenya with pupils' own locality in the UK	meaning. Use maps, globes, and atlases to locate and compare places with different climates. Conduct simple research on extreme weather and cold regions.
Art Kapow	Suggest ways to draw a word through marks. Use relevant language to describe how an object feels. Suggest ways to create different textures through drawn marks. Freely experiment with different tools, receiving encouragement when needed. Describe and then draw shapes that make up an object. Use good observational skills to add details to their drawing. Use an interesting range of marks that show an understanding of how to draw different textures. Make sketches, which may be of basic stick-like figures or may imply more shapes. Develop sketches into a character, with some support, adding details to enhance their character. Demonstrate an understanding of how drawing facial features in different ways conveys expressions. Recount a story and select key events to draw.	Painting and mixed media Life in colour  Name the primary and secondary colours. Talk about the colour changes they notice and make predictions about what will happen when two colours mix. Describe the colours and textures they see. Try different tools to recreate a texture and decide which tool works best. Show they can identify different textures in a collaged artwork. Apply their knowledge of colour mixing to match colours effectively. Choose collage materials based on colour and texture. Talk about their ideas for an overall collage. Try different arrangements of materials, including overlapping shapes. Give likes and dislikes about their work and others'. Describe ideas for developing their collages. Choose materials and tools after trying them out.	Sculpture and 3D Clay houses  Flatten and smooth their clay, rolling shapes successfully and making a range of marks in their clay.  Make a basic pinch pot and join at least one clay shape onto the side using the scoring and slipping technique.  Roll a smooth tile surface.  Join clay shapes and make marks in the tile surface to create a pattern.  Draw a house design and plan how to create the key features in clay.  Create a clay house tile that has recognisable features made by both impressing objects into the surface and by joining simple shapes.

	Create scenes from their own imagination, with some support.  Christmas Fayre Item Mechanisms: Fairground wheel  Choose tools and materials and explain why they have chosen them. Join materials and components in different ways.  Measure materials to use in a model or structure.  Make a model stronger and more stable. Use wheels and axles, when appropriate to do so.					
DT (Kapow) https://www.kapowprimary.com/			Mechanisms: making a moving monster Food: a balanced diet Choose tools and materials and explain why they have chosen them. Join materials and components in different ways. Measure materials to use in a model or structure. Weigh ingredients to use in a recipe. Describe the ingredients used when making a recipe.		Structures: Baby Bear's Chair Textiles: pouches  Design - purposeful, functional, appealing products for Baby Bear's Chair, based on design criteria Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, IT. Explain why they have chosen specific textiles.	
Music (Kapow)	Call and Response Use dynamics when creating sound. Play in time with a group. Experiment with different sounds on the same instrument. Clap the animal sound patterns mostly accurately. Clap the sound patterns in time with the pulse of the backing track. Demonstrate both a call and response. Copy a sound pattern using an instrument. Playing either a call and/or response role in time with another pupil. Perform a composition.	Instruments Identify sections of the music where the tempo changes. Correctly describe sections of music as fast or slow. Point out moments in the music where the dynamics change. Accurately describe dynamic changes as soft or loud. Give specific examples of how the music corresponds to actions in the story. Provide clear and specific examples of how music supports the story. Justify tempo and dynamic choices made to represent a character, event or feeling. Suggest appropriate musical dynamics and tempo changes for	Singing (Theme: On this Island) Breathe after each phrase in a song when singing. Sing a song from memory. Use different pitches while singing (high and low notes). Sing lyrics accurately. Perform actions that match lyrics. Collaborate and communicate within a group. Use sounds creatively to represent a chosen environment. Perform a composition. Apply pitch and dynamics to enhance a composition. Read notation from left to right.	Contrasting Dynamics Use their voice to create a variety of sounds. Use dynamics to create an atmosphere. Collaborate with peers to contribute to a group soundscape. Correctly identify changes in dynamics. Show changes in dynamics. Show changes in dynamics using bodies and vocals. Compare two pieces of music using musical vocabulary to describe the changes in dynamics. Interpret music in a visual form. Identify and discuss patterns in different pieces of music. Successfully create and play patterns, notating them.	Structure Recognise, play and write rhythms with one beats and paired half beats. Show a rest beat using a silent movement. Read and follow a structure from left to right. Add rhythms to a structure to create a beginning, middle and end. Work well as part of a group, listening to others and respecting their ideas. Maintain a steady beat. Use a thinking voice to play rhythms on an instrument.	Pitch Move their eyes from left to right to read pitch patterns. Sing high and low notes including the notes in between. Play a pattern of high and low notes on an instrument. Read notation from left to right. Draw high and low sounds using dots at the top and bottom of a page, respectively. Recognise when notes stay the same. Recognise missing notes on a stave.

RE Staffordshire Syllabus	Natural world  Explore stories from religious traditions and find out about attitudes to the natural world 1.6c	through sacred writings  Explore a range of stories and extracts from sacred writings and talk about meaning they have for believers  1.5c	Worshipping and ceremonies  Identify symbolic actions, gestures and rituals and talk about how they are used as part of worship and ceremonies  1.3b	Engage with religious beliefs and ideas expressed through story, symbol and other visual forms of expression 1.3c	group  Identify the importance for some people of belonging to a religion and recognise the difference this makes to their lives  1.2c	Showing kindness and goodness  Listen and respond to stories highlighting the morals and values of believers in practice 1.6a
PSHE	Me and My School  Caring for the	Me and My Relationships  Storytelling	Me and My Safety	Me and Other People  Valuing new life	Me and the World Local area Money <b>Belonging to a</b>	Happy, Healthy Me
Computing and E-Safety (kapow)	Computing systems and networks 1: What is a computer?  Exploring what a computer is by identifying and learning how inputs and outputs work. Understanding how computers are used in the wider world, children design their own computerised invention.	Programming 1: Algorithms and debugging  Developing an understanding of what algorithms are, how to program them and how they can be developed to be more efficient through a range of unplugged and plugged-in activities.	Computing systems and networks 2: Word processing  Learning about word processing and how to stay safe online I developing touch typing skills. Introducing important keyboard shortcuts, as well as simple editing tools within a word processor including: bold, italics, underline and font colour as well as how to import images.	Programming 2: ScratchJr  Exploring what 'blocks' do, using the app 'ScratchJr,' by carrying out an informative cycle of predict > test > review. Programming a familiar story and an animation of an animal, children make their own musical instrument by creating buttons and recording sounds as well as following an algorithm to record a joke.	Creating media: Stop motion  Storyboarding and simple animation creation using either tablet devices or devices with cameras.	Data handling: International Space Station  Learning how astronauts survive on the ISS, including identifying necessary items, designing sensor displays and exploring habitable planets. Children gain an understanding of living in space and how space exploration can benefit life on Earth.
		different scenes of the story. Work as part of a group to rehearse a performance. Perform confidently using appropriate instrumental sounds. Play their part at appropriate tempo and dynamics.		Create and play a simple pitch pattern accurately.		

PE (PE Hub)	Send and Return Be able to track the path of a ball over a net and move towards it. Begin to hit and return a ball with some consistency. Play modified net/wall games throwing, catching and sending over a net.  Key vocabulary Serve, bounce, drop, badminton, tennis, volleyball, squash, shuttlecock, racquet.	Gymnastics Describe and explain how performers can transition and link elements. Perform basic actions with control at different speeds and levels. Develop flexibility in a range of shapes and balances.  Key vocabulary Balance, shape, bridge, jump power, weight-on, point, patch, teddy, dolly, front-straddle, cup, puck, v-sit, japana, arabesque.	Dance Describe and explain how performers can transition from shapes and balances. Challenge themselves to move imaginatively, responding to music. Work as part of a group to create and perform.  Key vocabulary Direction, huddle, group, mood, feeling, penguin, musicality, respond, galloping, flying, friendship, abandonment.	Attack Defend Shoot Send a ball using feet and can receive a ball using feet. Refine ways to control bodies and a range of equipment. Recall and link combinations of skills, e.g., dribbling and passing.  Key vocabulary Aim, attack, compete, control, cooperate, receive, restart, sideline.	Run Jump Throw Throw and handle a variety of objects. Develop power, agility, coordination and balance. Negotiate obstacles showing increased control.  Key vocabulary Run, throw, handle, power, quick, burpee, obstacle, control, stamina, static, dynamic, collect.	Hit Catch Run To develop hitting skills with a variety of bats. Practice feeding/ bowling skills. Hit and run to score points in games.  Key vocabulary Hit, catch, runs, wicket, bats, bowl, feed, throw, catch, underarm, overarm, field, hitter, bowler, umpire, posts, stumps.

